Read all instructions carefully before operation.

2 Avoid pinched o-rings during installation by applying (provided with install kit) NSF certified lubricant to all seals.

3 This system is not intended for treating water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system.
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READ THIS MANUAL FIRST

Read this manual thoroughly to become familiar with the device and its capabilities before installing or operating your Water Softener. Failure to follow instructions in this manual could result in personal injury or property damage. This manual will also help you to get the most out of your Softener.

- This system and its installation must comply with state and local regulations. Check with your local public works department for plumbing and sanitation codes. In the event the codes conflict with any content in this manual the local codes should be followed. For installations in Massachusetts, Massachusetts Plumbing Code 248 CMR shall be adhered to. Consult your licensed plumber for installation of this system.
- This water Softener is designed to operate on pressures of 30 psi to 125 psi. If the water pressure is higher than the maximum use a pressure reducing valve in the water supply line to the Softener.
- This unit is capable of operating at temperatures between 40°F and 110°F (4°C - 43°C). Do not use this water Softener on hot water supplies.
- Do not install this unit where it may be exposed to wet weather, direct sunlight, or temperatures outside of the range specified above.
- Avoid pinched o-rings during installation by applying (provided with install kit) NSF certified lubricant to all seals.
- Softeners are commonly exposed to high levels of iron, manganese, sulfur, and sediments. Damage to pistons, seals, and or spacers within the control valve are not covered in this warranty due to the harsh environment.
- Do not use water that is microbiologically unsafe without adequate disinfection before or after this system.
- This unit must be located in an area protected from freezing or exposure to temperatures below freezing.

Safety Messages

Watch for the following safety messages in this manual:

NOTE: used to emphasize installation, operation or maintenance information which is important but does not present a hazard.

Example: NOTE: Check and comply with you state and local codes. You must follow these guidelines.

CAUTION: used when failure to follow directions could result in damage to equipment or property.

Example:

⚠️ CAUTION! Disassembly while under pressure can result in flooding.

WARNING: used to indicate a hazard which could cause injury or death if ignored.

Example:

⚠️ WARNING! ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD! UNPLUG THE UNIT BEFORE REMOVING THE COVER OR ACCESSING ANY INTERNAL CONTROL PARTS

NOTE: Do not remove or destroy the serial number. It must be referenced on request for warranty repair or replacement.

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This publication is based on information available when approved for printing. Continuing design refinement could cause changes that may not be included in this publication. Discount Waters Softeners reserves the right to change the specifications referred to in this literature at any time, without prior notice.
HOW YOUR WATER CONDITIONER WORKS

Why Water Gets Hard And How It Is Softened

All of the fresh water in the world originally falls as rain, snow, or sleet. Surface water is drawn upward by the sun, forming clouds. Then, nearly pure and soft as it starts to fall, it begins to collect impurities as it passes through smog and dust-laden atmosphere. And as it seeps through soil and rocks it gathers hardness, rust, acid, unpleasant tastes and odors.

Water hardness is caused primarily by limestone dissolved from the earth by rainwater. Because of this, in earlier times people who wanted soft water collected rainwater from roofs in rain barrels and cisterns before it picked up hardness from the earth.

Some localities have corrosive water. A softener cannot correct this problem and so its printed warranty disclaims liability for corrosion of plumbing lines, fixtures or appliances.

Iron is a common water problem. The chemical/physical nature of iron found in natural water supplies is exhibited in four general types:

1. **Dissolved Iron**—Also called ferrous or “clear water” iron. This type of iron can be removed from the water by the same ion exchange principle that removes the hardness elements, calcium and magnesium. Dissolved iron is soluble in water and is detected by taking a sample of the water to be treated in a clear glass. The water in the glass is initially clear, but on standing exposed to the air, it may gradually turn cloudy or colored as it oxidizes.

2. **Particulate Iron**—Also called ferric or colloidal iron. This type of iron is an undissolved particle of iron. A softener will remove larger particles, but they may not be washed out in regeneration effectively and will eventually foul the ion exchange resin. A filtering treatment will be required to remove this type of iron.

3. **Organic Bound Iron**—This type of iron is strongly attached to an organic compound in the water. The ion exchange process alone cannot break this attachment and the softener will not remove this type of iron.

4. **Bacterial Iron**—This type of iron is protected inside a bacteria cell. Like the organic bound iron, it is not removed by a water softener.

When using a softener to remove both hardness and dissolved iron it is important that it regenerates more frequently than ordinarily would be calculated for hardness removal alone. Although many factors and formulas have been used to determine this frequency, it is recommended that the softener be regenerated when it has reached 50–75% of the calculated hardness alone capacity. This will minimize the potential for bed fouling.

If you are operating a water softener on clear water iron, regular resin bed cleaning is needed to keep the bed from coating with iron. Even when operating a softener on water with less than the maximum of dissolved iron, regular cleanings should be performed. Clean every six months or more often if iron appears in your conditioned water supply. Use resin bed cleaning compounds carefully following the directions on the container.

**CAUTION!** Do not use where the water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the unit.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>System Capacity</th>
<th>Grains</th>
<th>Flow Rate</th>
<th>Regeneration Water Usage (Gallons)</th>
<th>Mineral Tank Size</th>
<th>Brine Tank / Cabinet Size</th>
<th>Salt Capacity (Lbs)</th>
<th>Ship Weight (Lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GEN32REVMF</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>43.4</td>
<td>9 x 48</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN40REVMF</td>
<td>36,000</td>
<td>31,245</td>
<td>18,750</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>62.7</td>
<td>90.3</td>
<td>10 x 44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN48REVMF</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>37,500</td>
<td>22,500</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>62.7</td>
<td>90.3</td>
<td>10 x 54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN64REVMF</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>87.1</td>
<td>124.6</td>
<td>12 x 52</td>
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<tr>
<td>GEN80REVMF</td>
<td>75,000</td>
<td>62,500</td>
<td>37,500</td>
<td>23.0</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>108.9</td>
<td>155.8</td>
<td>13 x 54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN96REVMF</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>75,000</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>139.2</td>
<td>196.2</td>
<td>14 x 65</td>
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<tr>
<td>GEN24REVMFC</td>
<td>22,500</td>
<td>18,750</td>
<td>11,250</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>40.5</td>
<td>56.1</td>
<td>9 x 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN32REVMFC</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>48.6</td>
<td>69.5</td>
<td>10 x 35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SPECIFICATION

- **Working Temperature**: 34-110°F (1-43°C)
  (Do not subject the unit to freezing temperatures)

- **Working Pressure**: 30-125 PSIG (137-861 kPa)

- **Voltage**: 120V / 60 Hz

- **Pipe Size**: 3/4" or 1"

- At the stated service flow rates, the pressure drop through these devices will not exceed 15 psig.

- Changing salt settings from factory setting may require changing injector sizes to achieve stated capacities.

- The manufacturer reserves the right to make product improvements which may deviate from the specifications and descriptions stated herein, without obligation to change previously manufactured products or to note the change.

* Do not use water that is microbiologically unsafe without adequate disinfection before or after the system.

* Iron content must not exceed 1 ppm. Beyond 1 ppm, an iron softener must be used. Periodic media cleaning is required by Pro-Res Cleaner if iron level exceed 0.3 ppm.
## SYSTEM DIMENSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>A (Inches)</th>
<th>B (Inches)</th>
<th>C (Inches)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GEN32REVMF</td>
<td>57”</td>
<td>9”</td>
<td>13”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN49REVMF</td>
<td>53”</td>
<td>10”</td>
<td>15”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN48REVMF</td>
<td>63”</td>
<td>10”</td>
<td>15”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN64REVMF</td>
<td>61”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>16”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN80REVMF</td>
<td>63”</td>
<td>13”</td>
<td>17”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN96REVMF</td>
<td>63”</td>
<td>14”</td>
<td>17”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## HOW A WATER SOFTENER WORKS

Water softeners remove hardness in the water by exchanging particles in the water, or ions. They remove hard ions of calcium and magnesium in the water by trading it for sodium ions producing soft water. Unlike the calcium and magnesium, sodium stays dissolved in water and does not form a scale. Sodium also does not interfere with the cleaning action of soaps. The sodium is released by a charged resin contained in the softener, this resin also traps the calcium and magnesium ions. Eventually this resin releases all of its sodium and has filled up with other ions, so it then must be regenerated. Regeneration is accomplished by washing the resin with a salt saturated brine solution that removes the calcium and magnesium while replenishing the sodium. This is why the softener requires a brine tank and salt. The water softener can run for days before running out of sodium, and when it does, the sodium is replenished in only a matter of a few hours.
### BRINE TANK DIMENSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Liquid Volume</th>
<th>Tank Dimensions (inches)</th>
<th>5 Pack Carton Dimensions (inches)</th>
<th>Salt Capacity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>US Gal</td>
<td>Liters</td>
<td>L x W x H</td>
<td>L x W x H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brine Tanks</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTR-100</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>29.5</td>
<td>111.5</td>
<td>18.1 x 34.7</td>
<td>18.9 x 18.9 x 65.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTS-70</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>19.0</td>
<td>71.8</td>
<td>13.1 x 13.1 x 34.7</td>
<td>14.4 x 14.4 x 62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All brine tanks come with salt grid, safety float and brine well

---

**Dimensions**

**BTS70**

**BTR100**
UNPACKING / INSPECTION OF TWIN TANK MODEL

Be sure to check the entire unit for any shipping damage or parts loss. Also note damage to the shipping cartons. Contact the transportation company for all damage and loss claims. The manufacturer is not responsible for damages in transit.

Small parts, needed to install the Softener, are in a parts box. To avoid loss of the small parts, keep them in the parts bag until you are ready to use them.

What is included in the box?

1. Control Valve
2. Prefilled Resin Tank (48,000 and smaller)
3. Parts Box
5. Drain Hose (if purchased)
6. Brine Tank

There are 7 Red clips. Please check to make sure you have all of them.

Distributor Tube Inside the Tank
Media Inside the Tank. Media Type will depend on what models were purchased

6. Brine Tank Assembly (Round Brine Tank Shown)

Brine Tank (Round or Square)
Brine Well/Safety Float
Brine Tank Tubing
Grid Legs (3 for Round and 4 for Square)
Grid (Round or Square)
Brine Tank Lid
For Revolution models 64,000 grain and larger the media and Control Valve are packaged separately in cartons and bags.

**What is included in the box?**

1. Tank
2. Control Valve with Parts Box
3. Media Boxes (Qty depends on conditioner size)
4. Drain Hose (If purchased)
5. Brine Tank
6. Funnel and temporary Distributor plug

---

**2. Parts Box**

- Grease Packet
- 2X 1” Straight Adapter
- Drain Line Gasket
- Bypass with 4 Red Clips
- Drain Hose Barb
- Transformer

**3. Media Box**

(Qty depends on Models)

**4. Brine Tank Assembly**

- Brine Tank (Round or Square)
- Grid Legs (3 for Round and 4 for Square)
- Grid (Round or Square)
- Brine Well/Safety Float
- Brine Tank Tubing

---

**Installations**

1. Remove and discard the temporary shipping cap.
2. Control Valve
3. Media Box

There are 7 Red clips. Please check to make sure you have all of them.

---

**Distributor Tube**

Inside the Tank

Media Inside the Tank. Media Type will depend on what models were purchased.
UNPACKING / INSPECTION OF CABINET MODEL

1. Cabinet
2. Control Valve
3. Parts Box
4. Drain Hose (If purchased)
BEFORE INSTALLATION

All government codes and regulations governing the installation of these devices must be observed.

If the ground from the electrical panel or breaker box to the water meter or underground copper pipe is tied to the copper water lines and these lines are cut during installation of the Noryl bypass valve and/or poly pipe, an approved grounding strap must be used between the two lines that have been cut in order to maintain continuity. The length of the grounding strap will depend upon the number of units being installed and/or the amount of copper pipe being replaced with plastic pipe. See below.

In all cases where metal pipe was originally used and is later interrupted by poly pipe or the Noryl bypass valve or by physical separation, an approved ground clamp with no less than #6 copper conductor must be used for continuity, to maintain proper metallic pipe bonding.

NOTE: Check your local electrical code for the correct clamp.

Figure 1

Electrical Panel
Hard Filtered Water
Ground Strap
Unfiltered Water Bypass Loop Cut & Capped
Ground Strap Required Because of Break in Continuity
Filtered Water Line in Home
Hard Soft Water
Hard Soft Water
Water Heater
Raw Water
To Outdoors
Water Meter
Filter
Drain
Softener
Drain
Inspecting and Handling Your Genesis Revolution Water Softener

Inspect the equipment for any damage that may have occurred during shipping. If there is any damage to the product please notify Discount Water Softeners by emailing support@DiscountWaterSofteners.com. Please include pictures and your order number to expedite the claim.

Handle the Softener unit with care. Damage can result if it is dropped or set on sharp, uneven projections on the floor.

Check Your Water Pressure and Pumping Rate

Two water system conditions must be checked carefully to avoid unsatisfactory operation or equipment damage:

1. Minimum water pressure required at the Softener tank inlet is 30 psi.
2. The pumping rate of your well pump must at least equal the required backwash flow rate of your model (see Specifications on Page 5 for backwash flow rates).

To measure the pumping rate of your pump, follow these instructions:

- a. Make certain no water is being drawn. Open spigot nearest pressure tank. When pump starts, close spigot and measure time (in seconds) to refill pressure tank (when pump shuts off). This figure represents cycle time.
- b. With the pressure tank full, draw water into a container of known volume and measure the number of gallons drawn until the pump starts again. This is draw-down. Divide this figure by cycle time and multiply the result by 60 to arrive at the pumping rate in gallons per minute (gpm).

To aid in your calculation, insert the data in the following formula:

\[
\text{DRAWDOWN} \div \text{CYCLE TIME} \times 60 = \text{PUMPING RATE}
\]

**EXAMPLE:** DRAWDOWN is 6 gals; CYCLE TIME is 53 secs; then, PUMPING RATE equals:

\[
6 \text{ gals} \div 53 \text{ secs} \times 60 = 6.8 \text{ gpm}
\]

See Specifications on page 5 for minimum flow rates.

Tools Possibly Needed for Installation:

- Two adjustable wrenches
- Additional tools may be required if modification to home plumbing is required.
- Plastic inlet and outlet fittings are included with the softener. To maintain full valve flow, 3/4” or 1” pipes to and from the softener fittings are recommended. You should maintain the same, or larger, pipe size as the water supply pipe, up to the softener inlet and outlet.
- Use copper, brass, or PEX pipe and fittings.
- Some codes may also allow PVC plastic pipe.
- ALWAYS install the included bypass valve, or 3 shut-off valves. Bypass valves let you turn off water to the Softener for repairs if needed, but still have water in the house pipes.
- 5/8” OD drain line is needed for the valve drain.

Locate Water Conditioning Equipment Correctly

Select the location of your Softener tank with care. Various conditions which contribute to proper location are as follows:

1. Locate as close as possible to the water supply source.
2. Locate as close as possible to a floor or laundry tub drain.
3. Locate in correct relationship to other water conditioning equipment (see Fig. 1).
4. Softener should be located in the supply line before the water heater. Temperatures above 110°F damage softeners.
5. Do not install a softener in a location where freezing temperatures occur. Freezing may cause permanent damage to this type of equipment and will void the factory warranty.
6. Allow sufficient space around the unit for easy servicing.
7. If your water source is a community water supply, a public water supply or you wish to bypass water used for a geothermal heat pump, lawn sprinkling, out-buildings or other high demand applications, refer to Fig. 1.
8. Keep the softener out of direct sunlight. The sun’s heat may soften and distort plastic parts.

**NOTE:** If the plumbing system is used as the ground leg of the electric supply, continuity should be maintained by installing ground straps around any nonconductive plastic piping used in installation.
INSTALLATION STEPS

Determine the best location for your water Softener, bearing in mind the location of your water supply lines, drain line and 120 volt AC electrical outlet. Subjecting the Softener to freezing or temperatures above 43°C (110°F) will void the warranty.

Please notice the inlet and outlet labels on the valve as shown here to determine the position of the equipment:

For UF Softener - The inlet should be on the right hand side of the valve and out on the left hand side
For DF Softener - The inlet should be on the left hand side of the valve and out on the right hand side

PREPARATIONS

1. Media Installation (When Necessary). Models including and higher than 2 CF (Models GEN64REV MF partially loaded, GEN80REV MF, GEN96REV MF) of media are shipped with separate media in pails or boxes. Models lower than 2 CF of media come loaded with media and this step can be skipped for new installation.

CAUTION! The unit should be de-pressurized before installing or replacing media

a) Lube the bottom oring (picture d) and attach the upper cone to the valve.

b) Temporarily plug the open end of the riser tube to ensure that no resin or gravel falls down into the distributor. The riser (distributor) remains inside the tank seated in the depression at the bottom.

Note: A temporary plug is taped to the funnel, remove plug after media is loaded.

c) Fill support bed first. The media will not always spill down inside the tank and may need to be swept inside.

The large funnel makes filling the tank easier and neater.
PREPARATIONS

1. Media Installation (continued)

Place the media into the tank in the order indicated above. Slowly and carefully add the gravel support bed and the filtration media leveling each layer as it is placed into the tank.

Apply NSF certified lubricant (included in parts bag) to all control valve O-ring seals to protect them from being pinched during installation. Note: There is an Inner Distributor Tube O-ring and an Outer Control Head O-ring on the underside of the control head. Attach the upper screen cone (in small parts box) to the bottom of the control valve. Attach the control valve to the resin tank (turning clockwise) one half turn past hand tight.

CAUTION: Make sure the power cord of the valve doesn’t get caught between the threads.

DO NOT use petroleum based lubricants as they will cause swelling of O-ring seals.

2. Water Lines

Outside faucets used to water lawns and gardens should not supply softened water. A new water line is often required to be connected to supply hard water to the inlet of the water softener and to the outside faucets. Cut the water line between where it enters the house and before any lines that branch off to feed the hot water heater or other fixtures in the house and as near the desired location of the water softener as possible. Install a tee fitting on the feed end of the cut pipe, and an elbow fitting on the other end. Install piping from the tee to the inlet of the water softener and from the elbow to the outlet of the softener. To sever the water lines which branch off to feed any outside faucets, cut the branch lines approximately two inches from the fitting on the main water line. Install an elbow on the end of the pipe nearest the outside faucet and a cap on the end connected to the existing water line. Install piping from the tee installed on the inlet line to the water softener to the elbow installed on the pipe to the outside faucet. Following this procedure will result in all lines in the house, with the exception of the outside faucets, but including the water heater and therefore the hot water lines, being supplied with soft water.
3. Attaching Bypass to Valve

Make sure the bypass is attached well to the control valve. Connect the straight or elbow connectors to the bypass with red clips. Connect the inlet and outlet of the water Softener to the plumbing of the house. The control valve must not be submitted to temperatures above 43°C (110°F). When sweat fittings are used, to avoid damaging the control valve, solder the threaded copper adapters to the copper pipe and then, using Teflon tape, screw the assembly into the bypass valve.

Do not use pipe thread compound as it may attack the material in the valve body.

4. Attaching 1/2" hose barb and attach oring into the drain port in the valve. Attach 1/2" drain hose (Supplied with some models and brands) to the hose barb and tighten securely with a hose clamp (Supplied with some models and brands).

Run the drain line to a floor drain or a laundry drain. Complete any necessary plumbing.

5. Assembling Brine Tank (Preassembled with most models) skip step if preassembled

a) Attach the three brine grid legs to grid plate. The legs will snap on to the tabs of the salt plate making a "click" sound. For square brine tank there are four legs.

b) Insert the brine well assembly inside the grid plate as well below.

c) Drop the brine grid with brine well inside the brine tank such that the nut fitting faces the hole on the brine tank. Then press the grid evenly inside the brine tank until the brine grid legs touches the bottom of the brine tank.

IMPORTANT:
IN ROUND BRINE TANK, IT IS IMPORTANT TO ALIGN THE HANDLE TO THE BRINE WELL AS SHOWN.

The hole in the brine tank should line up with the brine line as shown for round and square brine tank.

d) Take the brine tube and insert the nut and plastic sleeve as shown below.

e) Insert the tube in the float assembly elbow and hand tighten the nut. In many cases the brine line already come installed from the factory. Leave the other end of the brine line tube inside the brine tank.

f) For installation of brine tank at the installation site, pull the other end of the brine tube from the hole on the brine tank. The completed assembly is shown below.

6. Attaching Brine Tubing to the Brine Line of the Valve

Insert Sleeve inside the Tubing
7. **Connect Softener to the HousePlumbing** Any solder joints near the valve must be done before connecting any piping to the valve. Always leave at least 6” (152 mm) between the valve and joints when soldering pipes that are connected to the valve. Failure to do this could cause damage to the valve. If the optional Quick Pro Connector Kit was purchased please install now. Connect the female threaded end to the bypass valve male threaded connectors. Ensure the water supply and return lines are straight even cuts and free of sharp edges and burrs. Connect the opposite ends of the Quick Pro Connectors to the water supply and return. Fit the female Quick Connect over the pipe and press firmly together so that it is connected fully. It is important that pipe end is flush with the inner rim of the Quick Connect fitting to ensure the connection doesn’t leak.

**Upflow Water Softener Installation**

![Upflow Water Softener Diagram]

- **Cold (Raw water)**
- **Cold (Filtered water)**
- **Cold (Raw water)**

**NOTICE - THERE ARE INLET AND OUTLET LABELS ON THE VALVE. PLEASE MAKE SURE TO PLUMB AS SHOWN HERE**

- **To Outside Faucet**
- **Cold (Soft Water)**
- **Hot (Soft Water)**

**Waste connections or drain outlet shall be designed and constructed to provide for connection to the sanitary waste system through an air-gap of 2 pipe diameters or 1 inch (22 mm) whichever is larger.**

**Never insert drain line directly into a drain, sewer line, or trap. Always allow an air gap between the drain line and the wastewater to prevent the possibility of sewage being back-siphoned into the conditioner.**
Waste connections or drain outlet shall be designed and constructed to provide for connection to the sanitary waste system through an air-gap of 2 pipe diameters or 1 inch (22 mm) whichever is larger.

Never insert drain line directly into a drain, sewer line, or trap. Always allow an air gap between the drain line and the wastewater to prevent the possibility of sewage being back-siphoned into the conditioner.
STARTUP INSTRUCTIONS

1. Connect the transformer to the valve. Plug the 12-volt transformer into a 120 VAC 60 Hz outlet. DO NOT USE AN EXTENSION CORD!

2. Open the brine tank / cabinet salt lid and add water until there is approximately 3" (5 gallons) of water in the tank. Add at least 40lbs of water softener salt.

3. When power is supplied to the control, the screen may display “INITIALIZING WAIT PLEASE” while it finds the service position.

4. Manually regenerate the valve. If screen is locked, press Menu Key for 5 seconds to unlock.

**Manual Regeneration**

Manually Regenerate the Valve and move it to backwash or rinse position.

- Press and hold the MANUAL REGEN button for 5 seconds. After the BRINE cycle begins press any button to skip the BRINE cycle. Once in the BACKWASH or RINSE cycle slowly open the inlet on the bypass valve and allow water to enter the unit. Allow all air to escape the unit before turning on water fully. Allow the system to run the complete BACKWASH or RINSE cycle to flush out all media fines from the new resin.
- The system will automatically advance to the REFILL cycle. Check that water is running into the Brine Tank. Allow the refill to run the full amount of time to ensure a proper brine solution for the regeneration. Due to the efficiency of the unit the brine tank refill will be only 1-2 inches above the salt grid. The water level may not be visible. Check the Brine Well for water level inspection.
- Upon completion of the Refill cycle the valve will automatically advance to the SERVICE position. Open the outlet valve on the BYPASS. Open the nearest treated water faucet and allow the water to run until clear.

**Familiarize with Button Configuration:**

- This function is to enter the basic setup information required at the time of installation.
- This function is to accept the values if changed and advance to the next page in the menu.
- These buttons are used to increase or decrease the value of the settings while in the programming mode.

- Key Pad Configuration:
- Date and Time
- 18-Apr-2016 10:35AM
- Gal Remain 1400
- Flow Rate 3 gpm/min

- The controller will show the following on the screen - Time, Date and Gallons Remaining for Regeneration

- System initializing
- Please wait

- Date and Time
- Hardness
- Manual Regen.
- Dealer Information
- Main Menu

- Regen. Now?
- Regen. Tonight?
- Press To Cancel
- Press To Confirm

- Backwashing...
- Any Key 3s To Next
- 13:59 18%
5. Please set up date and time of day and hardness.

Set Current Time and Hardness. Regeneration time is pre-set to 2:00AM for the least likely time of water use.

Press Menu Key and Select “Date and Time” using “Set” button and set the date and time. For setting the regeneration time, Press Menu Key and Select Main Menu till you hear a beep and select Regen time.

---

Set up Current Time of the Day and hardness:

- **Date and Time**
  - **Hardness**
  - **Manual Regen.**
  - **Dealer Information**
  - **Main Menu**

- **Auto On**

- **= Date and Time =**
  - 17-Feb-2016 12:25pm
  - Press [To Cancel]
  - Press [To Confirm]

- **Setting Complete**
  - Press [To Return]

---

Set up Regeneration Time:

- **Date and Time**
  - **Hardness**
  - **Manual Regen.**
  - **Dealer Information**
  - **Main Menu**

- **= = Regen. Time Setting =**
  - **System Capacity**
  - **Salt Mode Setting**
  - **Advanced Menu**

- **Press Set Key till you hear “Beep”**

- **Press [To Cancel]
  - Press [To Confirm]

- **Setting Complete**
  - Press [To Return]

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Additional manufacturer master programming available for authorized dealers only.

After installation and programming are completed, wait 6 hours and then perform a manual regeneration to initially regenerate the resin for the first time. After this step the system will begin supplying soft water.

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Automatic Raw Water Bypass During Regeneration

The regeneration cycle can last 80 minutes after which Softened water service will be restored. During regeneration, un-Softened water is automatically bypassed for use in the household. Hot water should be used as little as possible during this time to prevent un-Softened water from filling the water heater. This is why automatic regeneration is set for sometime during the night and manual regenerations should be performed when little or no water will be used in the household.

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Manual Bypass

In the case of emergency you can isolate your water Softener from the water supply using the bypass valve located at the back of the control. In normal operation the bypass is open with the on/off knobs in line with the inlet and outlet pipes.

To isolate the Softener, simply rotate the knobs clockwise (as indicated by the word BYPASS and arrow) until they lock. You can use your water related fixtures and appliances as the water supply is bypassing the Softener. However, the water you use will be untreated. To resume water service, open bypass valve by rotating the knobs counterclockwise. It is normal for the BYPASS valves to be tight and will loosen with a few turns back and forth using the Allen Key (included in parts bag). Please make sure bypass knobs are completely open otherwise the unSoftened water could bypass through the valve.
More than 90% of problems affecting the performance of a high efficiency water softener system can be identified in 9 minutes or less by following this diagnostic schedule. Start with Step 1, then follow each step in sequence to ensure proper diagnostic procedures.

1. Check for Proper Installation
   a. Is the pipe from the pressure tank to the softener unit attached to the inlet port of the control valve? Is the pipe from the softener unit to the water heater attached to the outlet port of the control valve?
   b. Is the drain line of adequate diameter? Drain line must be sized to prevent back pressure from reducing backwash flow rate below minimum for the model installed.

   Typical examples of minimum drain line diameters are:
   i) 5/8” ID when drain is up to 15 ft from unit and backwash water discharge point is slightly higher than the control valve
   ii) 3/4” ID when drain is 25 ft away and/or drain is installed overhead
   c. Has the drain line been “kinked”? A kinked drain line must be replaced.
   d. Is the drain line installed in a way that it will freeze in cold weather?
   e. If the system incorporates a standard air-to-water pressure tank, does it have the required deep well air volume control (air release valve) and is it functioning? (Proper installation of this type of pressure tank should have inlet from pump higher than outlet to service.)

2. Check Iron Content of Untreated Water
   For every 1 ppm of iron present in the raw water add 5 gpg of hardness to the setting and place on the high salt setting (Iron/Mg)

3. Check Pumping Rate
   Do not refer to a pumping rate curve for this data. Follow the instructions found on Page 7. Is the measured pumping rate less than the backwash rate of the softener? If yes, increase the pumping rate by first reducing the system operating pressure. If the pumping rate is still too low, replace the pump.

4. Determine Other Uses of Water in Addition to Normal Domestic Purposes
   (e.g. geothermal heating or cooling, swimming pool fill, lawn irrigation, farm animal watering, etc.) Have any high demand water uses been added subsequent to the installation of the softener system or overlooked when originally sizing the system? (If a high demand situation exists, resize the system using continuous service flow rate data.)

DURING REGENERATION

Automatic Bypass

The regeneration cycle lasts approximately 60 minutes, after which treated water service will be restored. During regeneration, untreated water is automatically bypassed for use in the household. Hot water should be used as little as possible during this time to prevent hard water from filling the water heater.

IMPORTANT: This is why the automatic regeneration is set for sometime during the night and manual regenerations should be performed when little or no water will be used in the household.

New Sounds

You may notice new sounds as your water softener operates. The regeneration cycle lasts approximately 2-1/2 hours. During this time, you may hear water running intermittently to the drain.
WATER BYPASS

Manual Bypass

In case of an emergency such as Softener maintenance, you can isolate your water Softener from the water supply using the bypass valve located at the back of the control. In normal operation the bypass is open with the ON/OFF knobs in line with the INLET and OUTLET pipes. To isolate the Softener, simply rotate the knobs clockwise (as indicated by the word BYPASS and arrow) until they lock. You can use your water related fixtures and appliances as the watersupply is bypassing the softener. However, the water you use will be hard. To resume treated service, open the bypass valve by rotating the knobs counterclockwise. Please make sure bypass knobs are completely open otherwise the water could bypass through the valve.

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Water Heater

If the water heater has been exposed to both iron and hardness for a long period of time, replacement of the heater tank maybe the only practical solution to prevent continued staining originating from this source. After completing the installation of the chemical free iron Softener system, clean the water heater by following these instructions:

1. Shut off energy supply to water heater and close heater inlet water valve.
2. Drain hot water tank completely. Open inlet water valve allowing heater tank to be refilled with iron-free water. Continue flushing until water runs clear to drain.
3. If, after approximately 30 minutes flushing, water does NOT clear, terminate flushing operation. Refill hot water heater with water and pour approximately 1/2 gallon of household bleach into top of heater tank. Allow bleach solution to stand in tank for 20 to 30 minutes. Flush tank again until water is clear at drain. Turn energy supply on.

NOTE: If water does not clear in approximately 10 minutes, water heater should probably be replaced.

Dishwasher

Consult owners' handbook and follow manufacturer's instructions.
MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Checking the Salt Level
Check the salt level monthly. Remove the lid from the cabinet or brine tank, make sure salt level is always above the brine level.

NOTE: You should not be able to see water

Adding Salt
Use only clean salt labeled for water conditioner use, such as crystal, pellet, nugget, button or solar. The use of rock salt is discouraged because it contains insoluble silt and sand which build up in the brine tank and can cause problems with the system’s operation. Add the salt directly to the tank, filling no higher than the top of the brine well.

Bridging
Humidity or the wrong type of salt may create a cavity between the water and the salt. This action, known as “bridging”, prevents the brine solution from being made, leading to your water supply being hard.

If you suspect salt bridging, carefully pound on the outside of the plastic brine tank or pour some warm water over the salt to break up the bridge. This should always be followed up by allowing the unit to use up any remaining salt and then thoroughly cleaning out the brine tank. Allow 6 hours to produce a brine solution, then manually regenerate the softener.

CAUTION: Liquid brine will irritate eyes, skin and open wounds - gently wash exposed area with fresh water. Keep children away from your water conditioner.
Care of Your Softener

To retain the attractive appearance of your new water softener, clean occasionally with a mild soap solution. Do not use abrasive cleaners, ammonia or solvents. Never subject your softener to freezing or to temperatures above 43°C (110°F).

Servicing Components

- The injector assembly should be cleaned or replaced every year depending on the inlet water quality and water usage.
- The seals and spacer cartridge should be inspected/cleaned or replaced every year depending on the inlet water quality and water usage.

Please refer to the servicing section of this manual for step by step procedure.
Not following the above will void all warranty on the control valve.

Resin Cleaner (optional)

An approved resin cleaner MUST be used on a regular basis if your water supply contains iron. The amount of resin cleaner and frequency of use is determined by the quantity of iron in your water (consult your local representative or follow the directions on the resin cleaner package).

Res-Up® Feeder Installation Instructions (optional)

1. Remove top cover, fill the Res-Up® Feeder (plastic container) to the top with water so that the wick retaining clip, tube and wick are wetted, allow to soak for 15 minutes or more.
2. Empty water and pull tube and wick through Feeder until slack is removed from inside. The outlet end tube and wick must be below the bottom level of the Res-Up® Feeder.
3. Drill two 1/4" holes in brine tank as shown.
4. Drill a 5/8" hole in the brine well cap.
5. Clip mounting bracket over feeder with "hooks" pointed up. Insert end of tube in the brine well cap and mounting bracket with the 1/4" holes in the brine tank, rotating feeder downward into position as shown in Figure 1.
6. Fill Feeder with Res-Up® Cleaner to "Fill Line" on label.
7. Replace cover on Feeder and automatic feeding will occur in a few hours.

Res-Up Feeders attach to your brine tank and automatically dispense the Res-Up cleaner into the brine solution where it cleans the resin during the regeneration cycle.
The feeder hooks onto the tube inside your brine tank and you just pour some chemical in it and your water softener should last significantly longer. A res-up feeder is essential if your raw water contains measurable amounts of iron.

SERVICING REVOLUTION VALVE

Before Servicing

1. Turn off water supply to conditioner:
   a. If the conditioner installation has a 3 valve bypass system first open the valve in the bypass line, then close the valves at the conditioner inlet & outlet.
   b. If the conditioner has an integral bypass valve, put it in the bypass position.
   c. If there is only a shut-off valve near the conditioner inlet, close it.
2. Relieve water pressure in the conditioner by stepping the control into the backwash position momentarily. Return the control to the In Service position.
3. Unplug Electrical Cord from outlet.
4. Disconnect drain line connection.

WARNING! ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD! UNPLUG THE UNIT BEFORE REMOVING THE COVER OR ACCESSING ANY INTERNAL CONTROL PARTS.

CAUTION! Disassembly while under pressure can result in flooding. Always follow these steps prior to servicing the valve.
1. Disconnect the meter cable from the meter. (If flow meter is attached)
2. Remove four screws from the back of the valve cover
3. Remove the front cover of the valve.
4. Remove the piston screw and washer from the piston rod.
5. Remove the two screws from the powerhead as shown
6. Lift the powerhead from the valve body assembly
7. Replace the powerhead by reverse following the steps in this section

1. Follow steps 1 to 6 of timer /Powerhead replacement.
2. Remove four screws from the plate on the valve body.
3. Remove the plate from the valve body and pull the Piston Assembly from the valve. The brine valve assembly can also be removed in this stage.
4. Remove the seal spacer assembly, grease it with silicone lubricant and put back in.
5. Replace piston assembly followed by timer assembly.
6. Replace the piston assembly and reverse following steps in this section
METER ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT (For Models Manufactured after Valve Serial # Date of November 2015)

1. Disconnect the meter cable from the meter.
2. Disconnect the valve from bypass by removing clips
3. Remove the coupling adapter from the valve
4. Remove the meter support and then the impeller out from the coupling and clean it
5. Replace meter with the help of special tool and re-assemble the removed components back in the section

CLEAN INJECTOR ASSEMBLY

1. Remove the two screws from the injector cap
2. Pull the injector cap and gasket
3. Pull the injector assembly and Screen
4. Replace/Clean screen and injector assembly and put it back in the valve in appropriate location as shown
5. Put back the injector cap. Grease the injector assembly orings and injector cap gasket. Care should be taken to put all orings and gaskets in place and grease them so that they dont pinch
METER ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT  
(For Models Manufactured before 
Valve Serial # Date of November 2015)

1. Disconnect the meter cable from the meter.  
2. Disconnect the valve from bypass by removing clips  
3. Remove the coupling adapter from the valve

REPLACE MOTOR

1. Remove Screws from the back of the valve and pull the cover  
2. Remove all connections from the circuit board  
3. Remove the two screws from the motor. Remove the motor and watch for the pin under the motor.  
4. Replace the motor, connections and cover

REPLACE MICROSWITCHES

1. Remove Screws from the back of the valve and pull the cover  
2. Remove all connections from the circuit board  
3. Remove the two screws from the microswitch  
4. Replace the microswitch, connections and cover
CIRCUIT BOARD REPLACEMENT

1. Remove the screws from the back of the valve and pull the front cover

2. Remove all connections from the circuit board

3. Remove the four screws from the circuit board and pull it out

AFTER SERVICING

1. Reconnect drain line
2. Return bypass or inlet valve to normal in service position. Water Pressure will automatically build in the Softener

**NOTE:** Be sure to shut off any bypass line.

3. Check for leaks at all sealed areas. Check Drain seal with the control in the backwash position
4. Plug electrical cord into outlet
5. Set Time of Day and cycle the control valve manually to assure proper function. Make sure control valve is returned to the In Service position
### Controller assembly parts list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Part #</th>
<th>Part Description</th>
<th>Qty</th>
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<td>PCB fix screws</td>
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### Bypass

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# PARTS BREAKDOWN

## Parts list of Standard connection assembly

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<th>Part #</th>
<th>Part Description</th>
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<td>89 valve connector</td>
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![Diagram of Standard connection assembly](image-url)
### Parts list of control valve body:

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<td>Injector cover O-ring</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>60010595</td>
<td>Injector cover</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>60010596</td>
<td>Injector cover screws</td>
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<td>60010077</td>
<td>Tank mouth O-ring</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>60010597</td>
<td>Adapter O-ring</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>60010598</td>
<td>Center pipe adapter</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>60010080</td>
<td>Center pipe O-ring</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>60010599</td>
<td>Valve bottom connector</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>60010099</td>
<td>Bottom connector screws</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>60010088</td>
<td>Brass nuts</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>60010600</td>
<td>Brine line elbow assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Solutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **1. CONDITIONER DELIVERS HARD WATER** | A. Close bypass valve  
B. Add salt to brine tank and maintain salt level above water level  
C. Replace injectors and screen  
D. Check brine tank fill time and clean brine line flow tank control if plugged  
E. Make sure distributor tube is not cracked. Check O ring and tube pilot  
F. Make sure distributor tube is not cracked. Check O ring and tube pilot  
G. Replace seals and spacers and/or piston  
H. Remove obstruction from flow meter  
I. Check meter cable connection to timer and meter cap  
J. Reprogram the control to the proper regeneration type, inlet water hardness, capacity or flow meter size. |
| **2. CONDITIONER FAILS TO REGENERATE** | A. Assure permanent electrical service (check fuse, plug, chain or switch)  
B. Replace timer  
C. Replace drive motor  
D. Check programming and reset as needed |
| **3. UNIT USES TOO MUCH SALT** | A. Check salt usage and salt setting  
B. See #7  
C. Check programming and reset as needed |
| **4. LOSS OF WATER PRESSURE** | A. Clean line to water conditioner  
B. Clean control and add resin cleaner to resin bed. Increase frequency of regeneration  
C. Remove piston and clean control |
| **5. LOSS OF RESIN THROUGH DRAIN LINE** | A. Assure that well system has proper air eliminator control. Check for dry well condition.  
B. Ensure drain line flow control is sized |
| **6. IRON IN CONDITIONED WATER** | A. Check backwash, brine draw and brine tank fill. Increase frequency of regeneration. Increase backwash time.  
B. Add iron removal filter system |
| **7. EXCESSIVE WATER IN BRINE TANK** | A. Clean flow control  
B. Replace brine valve  
C. Check programming and reset as needed |
| **8. SALT WATER IN SERVICE LINE** | A. Clean injector and replace screen  
B. Replace timer  
C. Clean or replace brine valve  
D. Clean brine line flow control  
E. Raise water pressure  
F. Check programming and reset as needed |
### TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Solutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **9. CONDITIONER FAILS TO DRAW BRINE** | A. Clean drain line flow control  
B. Clean or replace injector (See video on DiscountWaterSofteners.com)  
C. Replace screen  
D. Increase line pressure (line pressure must be at least 20 psi at all times)  
E. Change seals and spacers and/or piston assembly  
F. Check programming and reset as needed  
G. Replace timer |
| **B. Clean or replace injector (See video on DiscountWaterSofteners.com)** |
| **C. Injector screen is plugged** |
| **D. Line pressure is too low** |
| **E. Internal control leak** |
| **F. Improper programming** |
| **G. Timer not operating properly** |
| **10. CONTROL CYCLES CONTINUOUSLY** | A. Replace timer  
B. Replace faulty microswitch or harness  
C. Replace cycle cam or reinstall |
| **A. Timer not operating properly** |
| **B. Faulty microswitches and/or harness** |
| **C. Faulty cycle cam operation** |
| **11. DRAIN FLOWS CONTINUOUSLY** | A. Remove piston assembly and inspect bore. Remove foreign material and check control in various regeneration positions  
B. Replace seals and/or piston assembly  
C. Replace piston and seals and spacers  
D. Replace timer motor and check all gears for missing teeth  
E. Replace timer |
| **A. Foreign material in control** |
| **B. Internal control leak** |
| **C. Control valve jammed in brine or backwash position** |
| **D. Timer motor stopped or jammed teeth** |
| **E. Timer not operating properly** |

### MASTER PROGRAMMING GUIDE

Below is how the settings are set at factory:

**Downflow Valve Programming (Revolution)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALVE SETTINGS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MODELS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240 REV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320 REV</td>
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<tr>
<td>400 REV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>480 REV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>560 REV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>640 REV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>720 REV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HOW TO SET DATE AND TIME, MANUAL REGENERATION AND DEALER INFORMATION

PRESS “MENU” KEY 🅱️ AND SCROLL TO “MAIN MENU”. THEN PRESS “SET” 🅱️ TILL IT BEEPS.

Press “Menu” key 🅱️
Press “+” ▲ or “-” ▼ to change menu option. Press “SET” 🅱️ to enter.
Press “+” ▲ or “-” ▼ to change value. Press “SET” 🅱️ to accept.

DATE AND TIME
Time of day is for normal operation of system and the scheduling of the regeneration time. The date is used in a diagnostic function to track the last time the system regenerated.

HARDNESS
This value is the maximum compensated water hardness in grains per gallon of the raw water supply. It is used to calculate the system capacity. If Iron is present add 5 gpg for every 1 ppm of Iron.

MANUAL REGENERATION
To start an immediate regeneration select the Manual Regen option. This setting determines the time of day to perform a scheduled regeneration.

DEALER INFORMATION
This is optional. Dealer information can be added.
Discount Water Softeners, Inc. warrants that your new water conditioner is built of quality material and workmanship. When properly installed and maintained, it will give years of trouble free service.

Ten Year Limited Warranty on Revolution Control Valve

Discount Water Softeners, Inc. will repair or replace the failed control valve for 10 years provided the failure is due to defect in material or workmanship and not the result of damage from any conditions described in the general conditions of this warranty.

Life Time Warranty on Mineral Tanks and Brine Tanks

Discount Water Softeners, Inc. will provide a replacement mineral tank or brine tank to any original equipment purchaser in possession of a tank that fails provided that the water conditioner is at all times operated in accordance with specifications and not subject to freezing.

Ten Year Limited Resin Warranty

Discount Water Softeners, Inc. warrants that for (10) years from the date of Purchase. Softening resin that has failed will be replaced at no charge (Shipping Fees not included). Resin damage caused by water conditions will not be covered.

General Conditions

Damage to any part of this water Softener as a result of misuse, misapplication, neglect, alteration, accident, installation or operation contrary to our printed instructions, or damage caused by any force of nature is not covered in this warranty. Softeners are commonly exposed to high levels of iron, manganese, sulphur, and sediment. Damage to pistons, seals, and or spacers within the control valve are not covered in this warranty due to harsh environment. We will repair or replace defective parts if our warranty department determines it to be defective under the terms of this warranty. Discount Water Softeners, Inc. assumes no responsibility for consequential damage, labour or expense incurred as a result of a defect or failure.

For additional assistance contact:
Support at DiscountWaterSofteners.com